## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

December 31, 2015

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FINANCIAL SECTION



Board of Directors Hygiene Fire Protection District Hygiene, Colorado

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Hygiene Fire Protection District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Hygiene Fire Protection District, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 26-30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

John Luther & Associates, LLC

September 7, 2016

#### HYGIENE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Hygiene Fire Protection District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements which begin on page 1.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) the government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements:** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in the government-wide financial statements for some items will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and earned but unused PTO leave).

The government-wide financial statements detail functions of the District that are principally supported by tax revenues (governmental activities) and charges for services. The governmental activity of the District is public safety – Fire/Emergency Services.

**Fund Financial Statements:** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District reports governmental and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds:** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 through 5 of this report.

The District adopted an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund is located on page 26 of this report.

**Notes to Financial Statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 6-25 of this report.

**Other Information:** In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents required supplementary information consisting of the schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget to actual – General Fund of the Volunteer Firefighter Pension Plan, which can be found on pages 26-28, of this report.

## Hygiene Fire Protection District Condensed Statement of Net position December 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Acceta	2015
Assets	1 100 500
Current Assets	1,137,570
Capital Assets	736,263
Total Assets	1,873,833
Deferred Outflows	
SWDB Pension	6,070
Volunteer Pension	38,558
Total Liabilities & Deferred Outflows	44,628
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	10,968
Long-term Liabilities	0
Total Liabilities	10,968
Deferred Inflows	
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes	300,621
SWDB Pension	11,110
Volunteer Pension	53,181
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows	364,912
Net position	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	736,263
Restricted	8,500
Unrestricted	797,818
Total Net position	1,542,581

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,542,581 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The District's net position reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

## Hygiene Fire Protection District Condensed Statement of Activities December 31, 2015

	<u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities</u> <u>2015</u>
Revenues	
Taxes	273,841
Grants & Donations	72,562
Rental Income	6,840
Miscellaneous	2,557
Total Revenues	355,800
Expenditures	
Salaries and Benefits	13,814
Professional Services	23,655
Firefighting and Prevention	71,191
General and Administrative	132,414
Total Expenditures	241,074
Net Change in Net Position	114,726
Net Position, Beginning	1,427,855
Net Position, Ending	1,542,581

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As mentioned previously, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements. A discussion of the District's governmental funds follows.

**Government Funds:** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and the balance of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financial requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$497,583. Of this fund balance, \$8,500 is restricted, meaning it is not available for new spending, because it has already been committed for emergencies as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly referred to as the Taxpayers' Bill of Rights (TABOR). The \$489,083 remainder of the fund balance is unassigned.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

**Budget Variances:** The District amended its General Fund budget for 2015. The original budgeted revenues were \$277,412 and the original budgeted expenses were \$276,963. The amended budgeted revenues were \$333,686 and the amended budgeted expenses were \$333,237. The budget to actual comparison details can be seen on page 26 of the financial statements. District revenues were over budget by \$22,114. Actual expenditures were under budget by \$17,902.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets:** The District's investment in capital assets at December 31, 2015 amounted to \$736,263 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). The analysis of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	CAPITAL ASSETS		
	(net of depreciation)		
	2014	Change	2015
Land	150,000	-	150,000
Buildings & Improvements	308,335	7,707	300,628
Vehicles	273,393	56,283	217,110
Equipment	95,596	27,071	68,525
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	827,324	91,061	736,263

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-Term Obligations: At the end of the current fiscal year, the District no outstanding obligations.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District's revenues and expenditures are expected to increase in 2016, due to additional tax revenue due to higher property values.

#### **Request for Information**

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those interested in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or additional financial information should be addressed to: Hygiene Fire Protection District, PO Box 83, Hygiene, CO 80533-0083.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2015

	GOVERNMENTAL _ACTIVITIES_
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 452,277
Receivables	
Property Taxes	300,621
Accounts	56,274
Net Pension Asset - SWDB Pension	15,058
Net Pension Liability - Volunteer Pension	313,340
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	150,000
Capital Assets, Depreciated	
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	586,263
TOTAL ASSETS	1,873,833
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Volunteer Pension	38,558
Related to SWDB Pension	6,070
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	44,628
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	10,590
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	378
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,968
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes	300,621
Related to Volunteer Pension	53,181
Related to SWDB Pension	11,110
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	364,912
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	736,263
Restricted for Emergencies	8,500
Unrestricted	797,818
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,542,581

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2015

			Cha	rges for	Op	n Revenues perating ants and	(	Capital rants and	REV CH NET	(EXPENSE) ENUE AND ANGE IN POSITION
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	E	Expenses	Se	rvices	Cont	ributions	Con	tributions		Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
<b>Governmental Activities</b>										
General Government	\$	241,074	\$	6,840	\$	7,288	\$	65,274	\$	(161,672)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	241,074	\$	6,840	\$	7,288	\$	65,274	· <u> </u>	(161,672)
		ENERAL RI		UES						072.041
		Property Tax Other	kes							273,841
	C	Juler								2,557
	TC	TAL GEN	ERAL	REVENUI	ES					276,398
	CH	ANGE IN 1	NET P	OSITION						114,726
	NE	T POSITIC	N, Beg	inning, As	Restate	ed				1,427,855
	NE	T POSITIC	N, Enc	ling					\$	1,542,581

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2015

		ENERAL FUND
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	450 077
Property Taxes Receivable	φ	452,277 300,621
Accounts Receivable		56,274
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	809,172
	Ψ	007,172
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	10,590
Accrued Expenses		378
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,968
		<u>´</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS		
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes		300,621
FUND EQUITY		
Fund Balance		
Restricted for Emergencies		8,500
Unassigned		489,083
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		497,583
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND EQUITY	\$	809,172
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Fund Equity, Governmental Funds		497,583
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		736,263
Long-term liabilities and related assets are not due and payable in the current period and are		
not reported in the funds. This includes net pension assets of \$328,398, deferred outflows		
related to pensions of \$44,628, and deferred inflows related to pensions of (\$64,291).		308,735
	-	
Net position of governmental activities	\$	1,542,581

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2015

	ENERAL FUND
REVENUES	
Taxes	\$ 273,841
Grants and Donations	72,562
Rental Income	6,840
Miscellaneous	 2,557
TOTAL REVENUES	 355,800
EXPENDITURES	
Salaries and Benefits	112,547
Professional Services	23,655
Firefighting and Prevention	128,780
General and Adminitrative	 50,353
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 315,335
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	40,465
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	 457,118
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 497,583

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2015

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 40,465
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$91,061) exceeds capital outlay \$66,589 for	
for the current year.	(24,472)
Deferred Charges related to pension are not recognized in the governmental funds. However,	
for the government-wide funds that amount is capitalized and amortized.	 98,733
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 114,726

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The Hygiene Fire Protection District (the "District") was formed in 1960 to provide fire protection and prevention to the Town of Hygiene, Colorado and surrounding areas of within Boulder County. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by the residents.

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### **Reporting Entity**

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the District has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its financial statements.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if District officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Based on the application of these criteria, the District does not include additional organizations in its reporting entity.

## Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## **NOTE 1:** <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, specific ownership taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, the District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 years
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 30 years
Infrastructure	10 - 50 years

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities fund type statement of net positions.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to the liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a futures period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

## **Property Taxes**

The District certifies its property taxes expressed as a mill levy, on or before December 15. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. The County Treasurer's office collects property taxes and remits to the District on a monthly basis.

Since property tax revenues are collected in arrears during the succeeding year, a receivable and corresponding deferred revenue are recorded at December 31. As the tax is collected in the succeeding year, the deferred revenue is recognized as revenue and the receivable is reduced.

## Net Position

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

<u>Investment in Capital Assets</u> is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> are liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## **NOTE 1:** <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> represent assets that do not have any third party limitation on their use. While District management may have categorized and segmented portions for various purposes, the Board of Directors has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

In the government-wide financial statements, net positions are restricted when constraints placed on the net positions are externally imposed.

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District did not report any amounts as nonspendable as of December 31, 2015.
- Restricted This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by the State Constitution for declared emergencies.
- Committed This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (motion or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District did not report any amounts as committed as of December 31, 2015.
- <u>Unassigned</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## **NOTE 1:** <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned.

## NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Before October 15, the Board of Directors appoints District Management as the District's Budget Officer.
- On or before October 15, District Management, acting as the Budget Officer submits to the Board of Directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- At least one public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 15, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- District Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between one or more line items within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Directors.
- Budgets are legally adopted for all funds of the District on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Directors. All appropriations lapse at year end.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## NOTE 3: <u>CASH DEPOSITS</u>

A summary of deposits as of December 31, 2015 follows:

Cash Deposits

\$452,277

#### Deposits

#### Custodial Credit Risk -Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At December 31, 2015, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the District are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

The District has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At December 31, 2015, the District had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$452,277. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$449,200 these balances, \$418,536 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$30,664 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the financial institutions name (PDPA).

#### Investments

#### Interest Rate Risk

The District has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 3: <u>CASH DEPOSITS</u>(Continued)

#### Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which includes:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

The above investments are authorized for all funds and fund types used by Colorado local governments. As of December 31, 2015, the District did not hold any investments and is not subject to credit risk.

## NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, is summarized below:

		Balances 12/31/14		Additions		Deletions		Balances 2/31/15
<b>Governmental Activities</b>								
Capital Assets, not depreciated								
Land	\$	150,000	\$		\$		\$ <u> </u>	150,000
Capital Assets, depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements		421,363		-		-		421,363
Vehicles		1,299,963		9,000		-		1,308,963
Equipment		259,457		57,589		_		317,046
Total Capital Assets, depreciated		1,980,783		66,589				2,047,372
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings and Improvements		113,028		7,707		-		120,735
Vehicles		1,035,570		56,283		-		1,091,853
Equipment		221,450		27,071		_		248,521
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,370,048		91,061		-		1,461,109
Total Capital Assets, depreciated, Net		610,735		(24,472)				586,263
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	760,735	<u>\$</u>	<u>(24,472)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	736,263

Depreciation expense was charged to general government program of the District.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 5: <u>*RISK MANAGEMENT*</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains insurance through a commercial carrier for these risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

#### NOTE 6: <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

TABOR Amendment - Colorado voters passed the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), which amended the State Constitution to add Article X, Section 20, which imposes several limitations and requirements, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government. Upon formation of the District in 2011, the District's voters exempted the District from TABOR's revenue and spending limits, and the annual revenue limits imposed by Section 29-1-301 of the Colorado Revised Statutes.

The District has established an emergency reserve, representing 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding debt service), as required by TABOR. At December 31, 2015, the emergency reserve of \$8,500 was recorded in the General Fund. TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of TABOR.

## NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District has established the Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (the "Volunteer Plan"), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Colorado Fire & Police Pension Association ("FPPA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the Volunteer Plan have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

#### **NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

#### Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan Description.* Any firefighter who has both attained the age of fifty and completed twenty years of active service shall be eligible for a monthly pension. Additionally, any firefighter that has reached the age of fifty with at least ten years of service will receive a pension benefit that is prorated for years of creditable volunteer service between 10 and 20 years. A firefighter who is disabled in the line of duty and whose disability is of such character and magnitude as to deprive the firefighter of earning capacity and extends beyond one year, shall be compensated in an amount determined by the Pension Board. The Plan also provides for a lump-sum burial benefit upon the death of an active or retired firefighter. Spouses of deceased firefighters may receive benefits as authorized by State statute. FPPA issues an annual, publicly-available financial report that includes the assets of the Volunteer Plan. That report may be obtained on FPPA's website at <a href="http://www.fppaco.org">http://www.fppaco.org</a>.

*Funding Policy.* An actuary is used to determine the annual required contribution ("ARC") necessary to maintain the actuarial soundness of the Plan. Colorado law requires the State to make an annual contribution to the Plan. Because the District's monthly benefit amount does not exceed \$300, the State's annual contribution is not calculated as the highest State contribution made between 1998 and 2001. The District makes an additional contribution to support the plan.

The actuarial study as of January 1, 2015, indicated that the current levels of contributions to the fund are adequate to support on an actuarially sound basis the prospective benefits for the present Plan.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2015 the District reported an asset of \$313,340. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2014, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2015.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2015 the District recognized pension income of \$60,060. At December 31, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows of
	of Resources	<u>Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual		
experience	N/A	\$53,181
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	\$6,395	N/A
Contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	\$32,163	N/A
Total	\$38,558	\$53,181

\$32,163 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31, 2016	
2016	(\$29,111)
2017	(\$20,872)
2018	\$1,599
2019	\$1,598

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions: Method, and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Amortization Method:	Entry Age Normal Level Dollar Open
Remaining Amortization Period:	20 years
Asset Valuation Method:	5 Year smoothed market
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases:	N/A
Investment Rate of Return:	7.5%
Retirement Age:	50% per year of eligibility until $100%$ at age 65.
Mortality:	Pre-retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table
	with Blue Collar Adjustment, 40% multiplier for off-
	duty mortality. Post-retirement: RP-2000 Combined
	Mortality Table, with Blue Collar Adjustment
	Disabled: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table All
	tables projected with Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Asset Class	Target	10 Year Expected
	Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of
		Return
Global Equity	40.0%	8.9%
Equity Long/Short	10.0%	7.5%
Illiquid Alternatives	18.0%	10.5%
Fixed Income	15.0%	4.6%
Absolute Return	12.0%	6.5%
Managed Futures	4.0%	5.5%
Cash	1.0%	2.5%
Total	100.0%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB Plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment) to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Proportionate share of the net pension			
asset	(\$227,246)	(\$313,340)	(\$385,911)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## **NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

## Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

FPPA System Description. The Fire & Police Pension Association administers an agent multipleemployer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS). The PERS represents the assets of numerous separate plans that have been pooled for investment purposes. The pension plans have elected to affiliate with FPPA for plan administration and investment only.

FPPA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.fppaco.org">http://www.fppaco.org</a>

## Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

*Pensions.* The District contributes to the Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan ("SWDB Plan"), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which is administered by the FPPA. The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SWDB Plan have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Assets of the SWDB Plan are commingled for investment purposes in the Fire and Police Member's Benefit Fund.

## General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan description.* The SWDB Plan provides retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries according to plan provisions as enacted and governed by FPPA's Pension Fund Board of Trustees. Colorado Revised Statutes ("CRS"), as amended, establishes basic benefit provisions under the SWDB Plan. FPPA issues an annual, publicly-available financial report that includes the assets of the SWDB Plan. That report may be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org.

*Benefits provided.* A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55.

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

#### **NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

#### Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to the SWDB Plan. Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with a least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the SWDP Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

*Contributions.* The SWDB Plan sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. Contribution rates for the SWDB Plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership.

Members of the SWDB Plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 8 percent of base salary for a total contribution rate of 16 percent through 2014. In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB Plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates will increase 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will remain at 8 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 20 percent in 2022.

Contributions from members and employers of departments re-entering the system are established by resolution and approve by the FPPA Board of Directors. The re-entry group has a combined contribution rate of 20 percent of base salary through 2014. It is a local decision as to whether the member or employer pays the additional 4 percent contribution. Per the 2014 member election, the re-entry group will also have their required member contribution rate increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 for a total combined member and employer contribution rate of 24 percent in 2022.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The contribution rate for members and employers of affiliated social security employers is 4 percent of base salary for a total contribution rate of 8 percent through 2014. Per the 2014 member election, members of the affiliate social security group will have their required contribution rate increase 0.25 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 to a total of 6 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will remain at 4 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 10 percent in 2022.

At December 31, 2015 the District reported an asset in the amount of \$15,058 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the District's contributions to the SWDB Plan for the calendar year 2014 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SWDB Plan.

At December 31, 2014, the District's proportion was 0.01334%, which was an increase of 0.01334% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2013.

For the year ended December 31, 2015 the District recognized pension income of \$793. At December 31, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	<u>Resources</u>	<u>Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual		
experience	N/A	\$ 310
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	\$1,187	N/A
Changes in proportion and differences		
between contributions recognized and		
proportionate share of contributions	N/A	\$10,800
Contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	\$4,883	N/A
Total	\$6,070	\$11,110

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$4,883 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31	
2016	(\$866)
2017	(\$866)
2018	(\$866)
2019	(\$867)
Thereafter	(\$6,457)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	30 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Fair Value
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	4.0 – 14.0 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent

The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected with Scale AA, 40 percent multiplier for off-duty mortality is used in the valuation for off-duty mortality of active members. On-duty related mortality is assumed to be 0.00020 per year for all members. The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected with Scale AA is used in the projection of post-retirement benefits.

At least every five years the Fire & Police Pension Association's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2011 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the Fire & Police Pension Association's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2012. The actuarial assumptions impacted actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used. The date the new actuarial assumptions were effective for benefit purposes was October 1, 2012.

Effective with the January 1, 2013 valuations, the Board adopted a five-year smoothing methodology in the determination of the actuarial value of assets. Beginning in the January 1, 2014 valuations, the married assumption for active members was increased from 80% to 85% to reflect the passage of the Colorado Civil Union Act.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target	10 Year Expected
	Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of
		Return
Global Equity	40.0%	8.9%
Equity Long/Short	10.0%	7.5%
Illiquid Alternatives	18.0%	10.5%
Fixed Income	15.0%	4.6%
Absolute Return	12.0%	6.5%
Managed Futures	4.0%	5.5%
Cash	1.0%	2.5%
Total	100.0%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB Plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## NOTE 7: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment) to determine the total pension liability.

*Discount rate.* Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate, based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is +97.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.65% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.50%.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	Discount Rate	(8.50%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$14,197	(7.50%) (\$15,058)	(\$39,460)

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the SWDB Plan's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at <u>http://www.fppaco.org</u>.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

## NOTE 8: <u>RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u>

The Beginning Net Position of the Government Type Activities was increased by \$210,002 to \$1,427,855 as the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 68.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION** 

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2015

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 263,672	\$ 263,672	\$ 273,841	\$ 10,169	
Grants and Donations	5,000	61,274	72,562	11,288	
Rental Income	6,240	6,240	6,840	600	
Miscellaneous	2,500	2,500	2,557	57	
TOTAL REVENUES	277,412	333,686	355,800	22,114	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Salaries and Benefits	109,163	109,163	112,547	(3,384)	
Professional Services	5,000	5,000	23,655	(18,655)	
Firefighting and Prevention	99,000	155,274	128,780	26,494	
General and Adminitrative	63,800	63,800	50,353	13,447	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	276,963	333,237	315,335	17,902	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	449	449	40,465	40,016	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	464,085	464,085	457,118	(6,967)	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 464,534	\$ 464,534	\$ 497,583	\$ 33,049	

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan December 31, 2015

					a			Actual
	Actu	arially		Contribution				Contribution
FY Ending	Dete	rmined		Actual	D	eficiency	Covered	as a % of
December 31	Cont	ribution	Contribution*		(	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2014	\$	-	\$	93,313	\$	(93,313)	N/A	N/A

\*Includes both employer and State of Colorado Supplemental Discretionary Payment

This schedule will report ten years of data when it is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

Measurement Period Ending December 31,	2014
<b>Total Pension Liability</b> Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability	\$ 9,641 65,712
Benefit Changes Difference Between Expected and Actual Experiences Assumption Changes	(83,891)
Benefit Payments	(60,296)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(68,834)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	901,035
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 832,201
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer Contribution	\$ 64,354
Pension Plan Net Investment Income Benefit Payments	\$ 64,354 71,385 (60,296)
Pension Plan Administrative Expenses State of Colorado Supplemental Discretionary Payment	(2,036) 28,959
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	102,366
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	1,043,175
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	1,145,541
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ (313,340)
Plan Fidiciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	137.65%
Covered Employee Payroll	N/A
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	N/A

This schedule will report ten years of data when it is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE STATEWIDE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

#### Years Ended December 31,

	 2013		2014	
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.000%		1.334%	
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ -	\$	(15,058)	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 717,762	\$	743,474	
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.0%		-2.0%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	106.8%		105.8%	

#### Notes:

This schedule is reported as of December 31, as that is the plan year end.

This schedule will report ten years of data when it is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS STATEWIDE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

#### Years Ended December 31,

	2014		2015	
Statutorily required contributions	\$	3,508	\$	4,883
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily required contributions		3,508		4,883
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	_
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	43,846	\$	61,038
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.00%		8.00%

Notes:

This schedule will report ten years of data when it is available.